Autumn 1 Science - plants			
Knowledge I know	Skills I car		Links back to I remember
 Plants are living things Flowers, trees and vegetables are all plants Plants needs soil, water and light to grow That plants grow on our school grounds Cress is a plant that you can eat Seasons change 	 Explore my school grounds and talk about the plants I see (flowers and trees) Describe what I see, hear and feel outside Talk about seasons Say what is the same and what is different between the plants Sort the plants I can see into flowers and trees Make observations (cress diary) Explain what has happened and why Talk about change 		• n/a
Vocabulary: Images:		Images:	
Flower: Part of a plant Observe: look carefully and notice Plant: a living thing which includes flowers, trees and vegetables Season: one of 4 parts of the year, spring, summer, autumn and winter Soil: the top layer of the earths surface where plants grow Tree: a plant that has a stem or trunk with branches			ring 4 Seasons

Autumn 2 Science - materials			
Knowledge I know	Skills I can		Links back to I remember
 Objects are made from different materials Wood, metal, paper, plastic, glass and fabric are different types of material Materials have different properties, e.g. hard, soft, heavy, light, strong, bendy 	 Name different types of materials Sort materials into groups Describe what some materials are like Compare two materials, saying what is the same and what's different Think about what to do Find out which material is the best to make my bunting by planning and carrying out a test Talk about what I did and what happened 		• n/a
		Images:	
Material: what objects are made from. Object: a material thing that can be seen and touched. Observe: to look closely Predict: make a guess about what might happen. Properties: what a material is like and how it behaves (soft, st Hard: solid, firm, rigid Soft: easy to cut, mould or fold Heavy: weighs a lot Light: not heavy Strong: can take force and pressure Bendy: can be bent, soft and flexible.	retchy).		

Spring 1 Science – humans			
Knowledge I know	Skills I car	Links back to I remember	
 Humans grow and change My body has changed since I was a baby My body is made up of different parts The parts of my body help me to do different things Books can be used to find out more information 	 Compare my body to when I was a baby and say what is the same and what is different Compare my body to that of adult and say what is the same and what is different Name the different parts of the body and talk about what they do Ask and answer questions about the human body 	 Investigating materials Talking about my family 	
Vocabulary:	Images:	Images:	
Human: a man, woman or child Body: the physical structure, including the bones, flesh, and or Grow: increasing in size or changing physically Compare: finding what is the same and what is different	gans, of a person or an animal.	est bead est bead ret beat chest hand bare for bar bar bar bar bar bar bar bar bar ba	

Spring 2 Science – animals			
Knowledge I know	Skills I car		Links back to I remember
 There are different types of animals Wild animals live on their own (without help from people). A squirrel is a wild animal. Domesticated animals are kept by people. Pets are domesticated animals. There are different types of wild animals (e.g. birds). There are wild animals in England (e.g. badger, fox, deer). 	 Make observations of animals Sort different animals and talk about how I have sorted them Talk about similarities and differences (sorting and classifying) (of UK animals) 		 There are lots of stories about animals (discuss animals encountered in previous texts e.g. Jasper the cat (domesticated) and the Tiger who came to tea (wild)). Humans are animals
Vocabulary:		Images:	
 Animal: a living creature Aquatic animals: live in water Birds: have a beak, wings and feathers. They lay eggs and live on land. Pets: a tamed animal kept for companionship or pleasure Tame: not dangerous or frightened of people; domesticated Terrestrial animals: live on land Wild animal: it isn't tame and it lives on its own without any help from people 		BRITISH WOODLAND ANIMALS	

Summer 1 Science – animals	-			
Knowledge I know	Skills I car		Links back to I remember	
 There are different types of animals (some are wild, some are domesticated). There are different types of wild animals (e.g. birds, aquatic, terrestrial). That different types of animals live in different environments. The similarities and differences between the animals and their environments that I have learnt about. 	 Identify what is the same and what is different (identifying and classifying) Use books to find out information Find out things in different ways (zoo trip, books, online) 		Different wild animals can be found in each of the 4 countries in the UK	
Vocabulary:		Images:		
Animal: a living creature Wild animal: it isn't tame and it lives on its own without any he Pet: a tamed animal kept for companionship or pleasure Birds: have a beak, wings and feathers. They lay eggs and liv Aquatic animals: live in water Terrestrial animals: live on land Environment: what is around a person, plant or animal in the	e on land.		Anterested constraints of the second	

Summer 2 Science – materials and plants			
Knowledge I know	Skills I can		Links back to I remember
 The similarities and difference between some materials That floating is when an object sits on the surface That sinking is when an object goes under water The names of some plants growing at school 	 Name some materials Observe and talk about changes Choose a material to make something (e.g. a boat) Ask questions Make suggestions about what to do and experiment in different ways Explore the school environment and talk about the plants I can see Add a picture to a chart 		 What a material is Investigating the best material to make a puppet What a plant is How plants grow and change
Vocabulary:		Images:	
Material: what an object is made of Plant: a living thing which includes flowers, trees and vegetabl Flower: Part of a plant Tree: a plant that has a stem or trunk with branches Float: to rest on the surface of a liquid without sinking Sink: to fall or drop slowly under a liquid Table: a way to present information in rows or columns Similar: how things are alike/the same Observe: to look at closely		TYPES OF FLOWERS	BRILLISH Treess REALBORT TREE REALBORT TREALBORT TREE REALBORT TREE REALBORT TREE REALBORT