Enquiry Organiser, Cycle 3, Spring 2 Year One 2023-24

Art and design			Computing		
 Knowledge I know Pablo Picasso was a Spanish artist. He is not alive now. Picasso changed his style. He began with realistic drawings (e.g. Picasso when he was 18). Pencils can make different marks (hatch and scribble). 	Skills I can Use a pencil on a smascale Use pencils, crayons a pastels. Use hatching and scrii Use drawing to share ideas and experiences Infill a shape with a so Link my own work to F Picasso Describe similarities a differences e.g. Picass and 25.	sunflower (autumn). Red, yellow and blue are primary colours (autumn). Orange, purple and green are secondary colours (autumn). Pablo You add black to shade and white to tint (autumn).	 Knowledge I know An algorithm is a precise set of ordered steps that can be followed by a human or a computer to achieve a task. How to join commands together. A program is a set of ordered commands that can be run by a computer (Beebot) to complete a task. Debugging is finding and fixing a problem. 	 Skills I can Find and use commands to use a sprite. Compare different programming tools. Use a start block Use more than one block, by joining them together. Change the value of a block and say what happens when I do. Show that a project can include more than one sprite Delete a sprite Create an algorithm for each of my sprites. Use my algorithm to create a program. 	 Links back to I remember Using the Beebots Explaining what give commands will do. Acting out a given word. Combining commands to make sequence. Planning a simple program. Finding more than one solution to a problem. How to stay safe online Using an iPad
Vocabulary: Drawing: a picture made wor crayon rather than paint Hatching: lines crossed patone or shadow (see image Infill: fill a space Line: a narrow continuous recontour of a shape. Outline: a line by which an or appears to be bordered. Pattern: a decorative designed related parts. Realistic: shows true to life Scale: relative or equal size Scribble: basic strokes of pathern.	rallel to show). mark; the edge or object or figure is n, repeated or e. e. encil (see image) et defined by	es: o at 25 years (1907).	Vocabulary: Algorithm: a precise set of ord that can be followed by a humar computer to achieve a task. Beebot: a programable robot Block: a movement Command: a single instruction used in a program to control a computer of a program. Program: a set of ordered computer to contask. Run: to action the commands in Sprite: the main characters of the Value: the way to change a variablock.	that can be computer. a problem a program. the project.	

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Geography				Science			
Knowledge	Skills I can		Links back to I remember	Knowledge	Skills I can		Links back to
The UK is made up of 4 countries (England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales). The names of some of the UK capital cities Some landmarks from the UK countries Maps show where places are What an ariel photo shows	Ask and answer simple geographical questions Make observations about where things are Use a map, atlas and globe to locate the UK Use photographs to recognise landmarks and human and physical features. Name countries and capital cities of the UK. Look at similarities and differences between places in the UK		 Investigating my school grounds (Reception). Walking to the library in Huntingdon (Reception). Huntingdon is in England (Autumn). There is a river in our community. This is a physical feature (Autumn). There are shops and houses in our community. These are human features (Autumn). 	Fish live in water and have gills and fins. They lay eggs. Amphibians live and on land and in water. They lay their eggs in water. They have cold blood. Birds live on land and have a beak, wings and feathers. They lay eggs. Mammals live in water or on land. They have a spine and fur or hair. They give birth. Reptiles live on land & water. They have scales and cold blood. They lay eggs on land.	Group and classify animals To compare and group animals. Name and identify animals Describe the structure of common animals. Explore what animals eat.		Humans are animals too (Autumn/Spring) Plants are eaten by humans (autumn) Chicks are birds/animals (Reception)
Vocabulary:		Images:		Vocabulary:		Images:	
Capital: a city or town where the central government of the country is City: a place that is larger than a town Town: a built up area with a name, larger than a village and smaller than a city Country: an area of land that has its own government Globe: model of the earth Landmark: human or physical feature which is well known in an area and can represent that place. Map: a diagram to show where places are located and features of places. UK: United Kingdom (England, Northern Ireland, Scotland and Wales)		Scotland Northern Ireland London Solidat England Continue Wales Codiff London	Amphibians: a cold-blooded at on land and in water. Birds: have a beak, wings and They lay eggs and live on land. Fish: a cold-blooded animal wit fins living in water Mammals: a warm-blooded anihair or fur, and (typically) the bir young. Pets: a tamed animal kept for companionship or pleasure Reptiles: a cold blooded animal scales, living on land and in war	feathers. th gills and imal with of live	Manma is Reputes Fish	Birds Insects Am philitans	